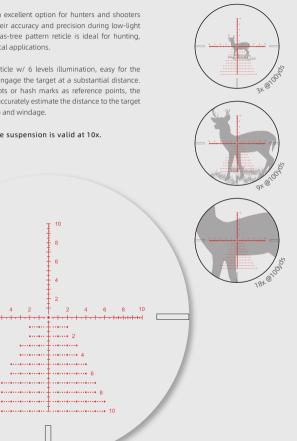
VCT-10A MIL SFP RETICLE

The VCT-10A reticle is an excellent option for hunters and shooters who want to enhance their accuracy and precision during low-light conditions. The Christmas-tree pattern reticle is ideal for hunting. target shooting and tactical applications.

Etched glass VCT-10A reticle w/ 6 levels illumination, easy for the shooter to identify and engage the target at a substantial distance. Besides, by using the dots or hash marks as reference points, the shooter can quickly and accurately estimate the distance to the target and adjust for bullet drop and windage.

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For VCT-10A reticle, the suspension is valid at 10x.

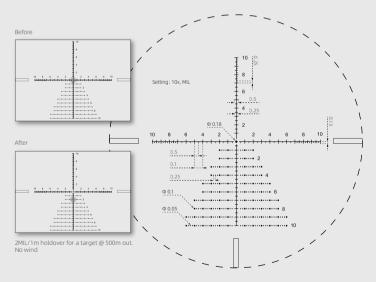


Red indicated illuminated portion of the reticle

COMPENSATION BULLET DROP

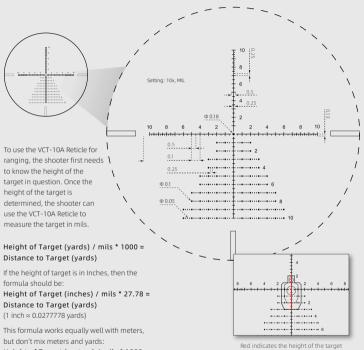
Holdover refers to the technique of adjusting the aim of a firearm to compensate for the effect of gravity on the bullet's trajectory. Bullet drop is the decrease in bullet height as it travels through the air. The shooter can use the MIL markings on the reticle to calculate the bullet drop. The MIL markings on the vertical axis represent the distance in MILs between each hash mark. The horizontal axis represents the windage adjustment.

For example, under no wind condition, after zeroing your scope at 100m, if you know your target is at 500m and your ammo has a 1m bullet drop at that distance, you will need to use 2MIL holdover point. Here is how you get the 2MIL since 1MIL equals 10cm at 100m, 50cm at 500m, and then 2MIL equals 2 x 50cm =1m at 500m, you need to hold the 2MIL drop point to compensate for the 1m bullet drop, thus bring the aim point to line up with the bullet's point of impact.



When it comes to wind correction in shooting, there are three key factors to keep in mind: the flying time of the bullet, the velocity and direction of the wind, and the ballistics coefficient (BC) of the bullet. By taking into account these three factors, a shooter can make the necessary adjustments to account for wind drift and achieve accurate shots even in challenging conditions.

HOW TO MEASURE TARGET HEIGHT



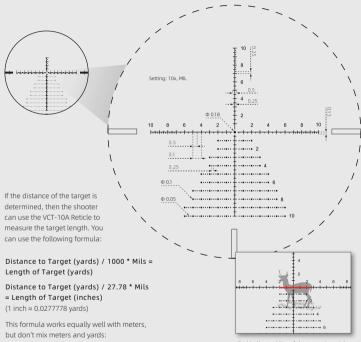
Height of Target (meters) / mils * 1000 = Distance to Target (meters)

Measure the object in yards to find the distance in yards, and use meters to yield distances in meters. If the height of an adult male is 5.91ft, and measures 5Mils across the reticle, that is: Distance to Target (yards) / 27.78 * Mils = Height of Target (inches)

5.91ft = 70.9 inches

70.9 (inches) / 5 mil x 27.78 = 394 (yards) 2.0 (yards) / 5 MIL x 1000 = 394 (yards) 1.8 (meters) / 5 MIL x 1000 = 360 (meters)

HOW TO MEASURE TARGET LENGTH



Distance to Target(meters) / 1000 * Mils = Length of Target (meters)

Measure the object in yards to find the distance in yards, and use meters to yield distances in meters. Red indicates MILs of the target in reticle

If the Distance to Target is 400m, and the target measures 4.5Mils across the reticle, then the target length is:

400 (meters) / 1000 * 4.5 MIL = 1.8 (meters) 437 (yards) / 1000 * 4.5 MIL = 2.0 (yards) 437 (yards) / 27.78 * 4.5 MIL = 70 (inchs)